**Course: World History**

**Renaissance/Reformation; 1450-1750**

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| Topic | Learning Targets | Academic Vocabulary |
| **Chapter 14:The Renaissance and Reformation 1450-1750** | **WH.5.A** explain the political, intellectual, artistic, economic, andreligious impact of the Renaissance**WH.5.B** explain the political, intellectual, artistic, economic, andreligious impact of the Reformation**WH.1.D** identify major causes and describe the major effects of the following important turning points in world history from 1450 to 1750: European exploration European expansion, and the Renaissance and the Reformation**WH.25.C** explain the relationship among Christianity, individualism, and growing secularism that began with the Renaissance and how the relationship influenced subsequent political developments**WH.27.C** explain the impact of the printing press on the Renaissance and the Reformation in Europe**WH.27.D** describe the origins of the Scientific Revolution in 16th century Europe and explain its impact onscientific thinking worldwide | **pgs. 336-340**Medici FamilyFrancesco PetrarchDa VinciMichelangeloRaphaelBaldasare CastiglioneMachiavelli (The Prince)PatronHumanismPerspective**pgs. 342-345**Albrecht DurerShakespeareGutenbergEngravingVernacularUtopian**pgs. 346-350**Protestant ReformationMartin Luther95 ThesisPeace Of AugsburgJohn CalvinHuguenotIndulgenceRecantPredestinationTheocracy**pgs. 351-354**Henry VIIIElizabeth ICouncil of TrentInquisitionJesuitsAnnulCanonize**pgs. 356-359**CopernicusGalileoBaconDescartesNewtonHeliocentric TheoryScientific Method |